

:	# Specimens:			Depot:	*****
-	Collect Date:	Time:	Ву:	ABN Signed:	*STAT*
:	MR #:		A #:		

	OR PATIENT LABEL)	Bassett Medical Center	Laboratory	[2BHC]	
Date of Birth	Sex:(circle) M	1 Atwell Rd Cooperstown, NY 13326			
Street Address	(* 1 1)	PHONE: (607) 547-3456	FAX: (607) 547-6	6717	
		0	(PLAFA) Patel, And	ush MD	
Street Address 2		(ANJFC) Allerton, Jeffrey MD (BNE8A) Bravin, Eric MD	☐ (SYS8B) Sastry, Si☐ (SRDXA) Schreibe		
City, State, Zip		(CYM8B) Canary, Marcy MD	(TAV1A) Thirukono		
Phone Number	Chart Number	☐ (CNTCA) Chapman, Timothy MD☐ (DTS4A) Davenport, Sa. MD	☐ (LEBFA) Lee, Brya☐ (JSP6A) Jacob, Pa		
Registration Information	on:	(FKJAA) Fisk, John MD	(SIV5A) Stabinski,		
Specialty Billing LAB-BHC		☐ (KTD3B) Knight, Danielle MD☐ (KOE1A) Ko, Edwin MD☐			
INSURANCE BILL:		Phone Results to:	Fax Results to:		
AetnaMedicaid	MVP Gold	Ordering Provider's Signature Date of Signature			
Blue Cross/ShieldMedicare	Other	Diagnosis Mandatory: Signs/Symptom			
Blue ChoiceMVP		If ordered for screening, list test name here at		ter it	
Blue Choice Medicare  1. Primary Contract #:		Send Additional Reports To: (Full Nam	ie/Address)		
Subscriber's Name:		Compliance is Mandatory and Regulated. Fo on Medicare Beneficiaries, specific ICD-10 c			
Relationship to Subscriber:		each test ordered.It is critical that the diagno medical record on the date of service.			
Relationship to outsenber.	SPE	CIMEN TYPE SUBMITTED			
Blood Blood Blood Bloom Marrow Aspirate Bloom Marrow Core Biopsy Fine Needle Aspirate Needle Core Biopsy. Other Tissue  STUDIES REQUESTED    18240   Flow Cytometry for lymphoma/leukemia workup (28695) Lymphocyte subset testing (CD4/CD8)(BLOOD ONLY)   18240   Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglibinuria (PNH) Workup (GPI-linked protein studies) (BLOOD ONLY)   29277) CD34 - Stem cell counts (18240) Paroxysmal Nocturnal Hemoglibinuria (PNH) Workup (GPI-linked protein studies) (BLOOD ONLY)   366880) lgKappa B cell gene rearrangement PCR Recipient (25789) Chromosome Analysis (Karotype) (BLOOD ONLY)   366880) lgKappa B cell gene rearrangement (TCRg)   22220) bcr-abl (major) RT-PCR t 9;2 (Arup Send Out-must be ordered STAT)   42253) JAK2 V617F mutation   32206 FLT-3 mutation   1TD   Codon 835/836   34682) MYD88 L265P mutation					
(Check all that appl		VANT CLINICAL HISTORY			
Check all that apply	osies/aspirate, Date(s) lyeloma) ctor treatment		Other relevar (please write	nt Information below):	
*** Places offeet	Patient clinical his	story and current CRC finding	L		

## **Important Information about Genetic Testing**

1.	This test will look for changes in the DNA chromosomes, genes, or gene products which are known to be associated with the specific genetic condition in question.
2.	This test may reveal that the individual tested is affected with the condition or carries the genetic pre-disposition for it, or that he/she does not. If a positive result is obtained, medical and/or genetic counseling follow-up may be advised.
3.	Genetic testing is ordinarily highly accurate, however, in some cases results may not be obtained or may be inconclusive. Also, accurate genetic testing depends upon an accurate diagnosis in affected family members. If the diagnosis in a family is not certain, results can be misleading. I have been able to discuss the expected accuracy of the testing in my particular
4.	Some genetic testing may require comparison of samples from multiple family members with their consent, and these cases, previous unknown non-paternity can be discovered.
5.	Some genetic tests are only done by a few laboratories in the world, and may need to be sent out of state to laboratories that are not certified by the New York State Health Department.In these cases, approval for testing will be obtained from New York State.
6.	Some types of genetic testing such as fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) are considered investigational by the New York State Health Department. FISH uses DNA probes which bind to specific regions of the chromosomes, FISH is helpful in identifying the origin of unidentified "marker" chromosomes, unusual variations in chromosome structure or small chromosomal deletions which cannot be seen by standard chromosome testing. FISH may be used, if indicated on my sample. Initial
7.	Chromosome microarray CGH (Array CGH) test is considered to be investigational by the New York State Department of Health. Micro-array CGH is helpful in detecting chromosomal microimbalances at the DNA level anywhere in the genome. The method uses DNA probes 'on a chip' to detect microdeletions or duplications which cannot be seen by standard chromosome and FISH analysis. The purpose of this test is to help your doctor more accurately diagnose genetic abnormalities. Some genetic testing may require array CGH analysis on both parents to determine the nature and origin of certain findings. Array CGH may be used, if indicated, on my sample. Initial:
8.	Records of this testing or test results will not be released to anyone other than me, my referring doctors and Strong Memorial Medical Records unless I specify otherwise.
9.	No tests other than those authorized shall be performed on the biological sample and that the sample shall be destroyed at the end of the testing process or not more than sixty days after the sample was taken. Any part of the biological sample not used for specific genetic testing may be retained and used for medical research as long as names and other identifying information are not revealed. Initial:
10.	I indicate my desire to opt out of participation in anonymized research studies using my DNA sample by checking this box:
11.	The patient is provided with genetic counseling both prior to signing the form and after the array CGH test. Initial of the referring physician or health care provider: